Financial Report September 30, 2018

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Suite 360 4444 W. Bristol Road Flint, MI 48507 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150 plantemoran.com

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors Karegnondi Water Authority

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of Karegnondi Water Authority (the "Authority"), a component unit of Genesee County Water and Waste Services, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Karegnondi Water Authority as of September 30, 2018 and 2017 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



To the Board of Directors Karegnondi Water Authority

Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Flante & Moran, PLLC

January 30, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Karegnondi Water Authority (KWA or the "Authority") was incorporated in October 2010 pursuant to Act 233, Public Acts of Michigan, 1955, as amended, by the County of Genesee, Michigan (Genesee Co.), the County of Lapeer, Michigan, the County of Sanilac, Michigan, the City of Flint, Michigan (Flint), and the City of Lapeer, Michigan for the purpose of providing its member communities with a new source of water for treatment and distribution. This new water source comes from a Water Supply System (the "System") which was completed in 2017. The System delivers Lake Huron water to its customers.

The System is currently providing untreated water to the Genesee County Drain Commissioner (the "County Agency") as its primary water source pursuant to the Genesee Water Purchase Contract. Under a contract with Flint (the "Flint Water Purchase Contract"), Flint has the right to the delivery and use of up to 18 million gallons per day of untreated water. Under a long-term water supply contract entered into by Flint and the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) as of December 1, 2017 (the "GLWA Water Service Contract"), GLWA will supply Flint with treated water as its primary water source for an initial period of 30 years. Pursuant to the terms of the GLWA Water Service Contract, Flint has granted to GLWA certain rights of Flint under the Flint Water Purchase Contract to untreated water from the System.

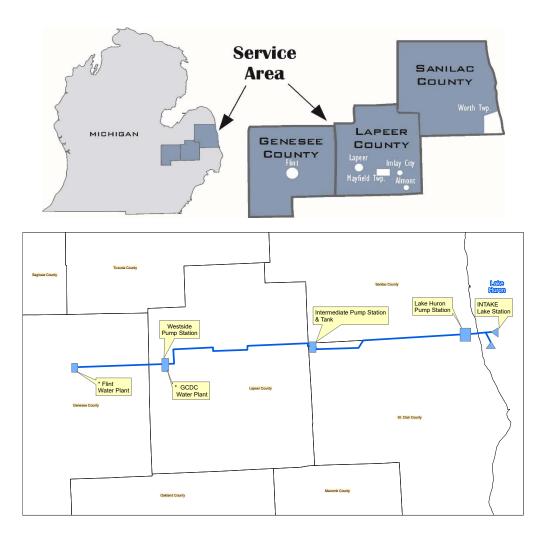
The System

To supply water to its contracting members, KWA constructed two lake intakes in Lake Huron, approximately 63 miles of pipe from the intake to the City of Flint, and three pump stations. These facilities collectively constitute the System. The engineering design of the System was to withdraw water from Lake Huron and pump it to a standpipe in Lynn Township in St. Clair County, and from there, repump the water to a site in Oregon Township in Lapeer County, approximately 14 miles east of Flint. That site features a 125 million gallon reservoir (also known as an impoundment) which was completed in 2016, along with the County Agency's new water treatment plant which was completed in June 2017.

The impoundment and new treatment plant are owned and operated by the County Agency. A third pump station is capable to pump untreated water from the County Agency's site to Flint's water treatment plant. Figure 1 shows the location of the System's facilities, the Flint water treatment plant, and the County Agency treatment plant and impoundment.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Figure 1



The intake facility and property were financed through the issuance of bonds by the County Agency in the principal amount of \$35,000,000 in October 2013, with the understanding that the County Agency would make the intake and property available to KWA for use by KWA as part of the System. The County Agency is solely responsible for paying the principal of and interest on these bonds from the net revenue derived from its users. Genesee County has pledged its limited tax full faith and credit as additional security for the bonds.

The lake intake construction and testing were completed in 2016. The County Agency has entered into an agreement which calls for the ownership of the intake to be transferred to KWA once the intake debt has been retired.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

KWA retained the services of the County Agency to administer the design and construction of the System. The County Agency provided these services at no cost to KWA since its inception through September 2014. In October 2014, KWA began paying the County Agency \$3,000.00 monthly for these services. Then in June 2017, after the system was completed and operational, KWA contracted with the County Agency for operation and maintenance of the System. The County Agency has significant experience in planning, operating, and managing water and wastewater systems, having been responsible for planning, operating, and managing its own system since 1966. The County Agency currently employs approximately 155 people in connection with the operation and management of its current system, and from this group, approximately five full-time-equivalent employees are involved in the operation and maintenance of the System. KWA does not have any employees.

Objectives

The main objectives of KWA were to build and maintain a high-quality water delivery system at rates which would be fair and cost effective to all concerned. And in accordance with its bylaws, KWA maintains a yearly budget of income and expenses. The budget is reviewed and approved by the KWA board.

Using this Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position, the statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in net position, and the statement of cash flows provide information about the activities of KWA as a whole and assist in presenting a longer-term view of its finances.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Condensed Financial Information

The following tables present condensed information about the Authority's financial position compared to the prior two years:

			S	eptember 30					
								(Decrease)	Percent
		2016		2017		2018		Increase	Change
Assets		_		_					
Current assets	\$	7,267,552	\$	6,197,784	\$	8,106,481	\$	1.908.697	31%
Restricted assets	Ψ	45,429,465	Ψ	39,968,773	Ψ	36,284,709	Ψ	(3,684,064)	-0.0921736
Capital assets		310,377,287		331,427,489		326,178,422		(5,249,067)	-2%
Total assets		363,074,304		377,594,046		370,569,612		(7,024,434)	-2%
Liabilities									
Current liabilities		18,575		68,943,071		129,327		(68,813,744)	-100%
Liabilities payable from restricted assets		12,573,368		21,105,256		13,783,666		(7,321,590)	-35%
Other noncurrent liabilities		5,118,032		5,258,648		5,258,648		(7,321,370)	0%
Long-term debt		340,503,990		260,770,138		326,555,780		65,785,642	25%
Total liabilities	-	358,213,965		356,077,113		345,727,421		(10,349,692)	-3%
A D									
Net Position		1 770 070		14 002 771		12.070.405		(022.004)	-6%
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service		1,778,879		14,802,771		13,970,685		(832,086) 668,649	-6% 9%
Unrestricted		950,515 2,130,945		7,514,028 (799,866)		8,182,677 2,688,829		3,488,695	-436%
Official		2,130,743	-	(777,000)		2,000,027		3,400,073	-43676
Total net position	\$	4,860,339	\$	21,516,933	\$	24,842,191	\$	3,325,258	15%
	_	Yea	ar E	nded September	⁻ 30	l			
									Percent
		2016		2017		2018		Change	Change
Operating Revenue - Sale of water	\$	-	\$	441,074	\$	3,484,113	\$	3,043,039	690%
Operating Expenses									
Office supplies and insurance		4,186		69,222		84,204		14,982	22%
Utilities		-		289,743		869,156		579,413	200%
Repairs and maintenance		-		17,002		85,721		68,719	404%
Contractual and professional services		190,313		1,216,017		475,064		(740,953)	-61%
Other expenses		-		4,854		29,772		24,918	513%
Depreciation			_		_	5,528,448	_	5,528,448	100%
Total operating expenses		194,499	_	1,596,838	_	7,072,365	_	(52,921)	343%
Operating Loss		(194,499)		(1,155,764)		(3,588,252)		3,095,960	210%
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)									
Water supply contract operating subsidy		1,938,000		-		-		-	0%
Capacity/Debt service fee		-		17,760,242		22,027,212		4,266,970	24%
Investment income		11,270		52,116		570,260		518,144	994%
Interest & fiscal charges		-		-		(15,116,988)		(15,116,988)	
Bond issuance costs	_	(563,218)			_	(566,974)	_	566,974	100%
Total nonoperating revenue		1,386,052		17,812,358	_	6,913,510	_	(9,764,900)	-61%
Change in Net Position	\$	1,191,553	\$	16,656,594	\$	3,325,258	\$	(13,331,336)	-80%

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Major Capital Assets and Debt Activity

KWA and the local units entered into a contract whereby KWA was authorized to issue bonds with a total par value not to exceed \$300,000,000 (collectively, the "System Bonds") to finance the facilities for the System in anticipation of the contractual payments to be made by the local units as provided therein. The contract is contemplated in the water purchase contracts and sets forth the manner in which the capital costs of the System's facilities would be allocated. Under the contracts, Flint and the County Agency are responsible for paying approximately 34 percent and 66 percent, respectively, of the debt service on the System Bonds. This allocation takes into account and credits the County Agency for financing and being responsible for the payment of 100 percent of the costs of the intake. In addition, Genesee County, Michigan pledged its limited tax full faith and credit to 100 percent of the debt service on the System Bonds.

KWA sold \$220,500,000 par value in water system supply bonds in April 2014. Sources and uses of funds were as follows:

Sources of Funds

Par amount of bonds - \$220,500,000.00 Net original issue premium/discount - \$11,815,544.05 Total sources - \$232,315,544.05

Use of Funds

Deposit to construction fund - Initial - \$187,137,367.59 Deposit to construction fund - Subsequent - \$8,606.00 Capitalized interest - \$28,282,364.06 Deposit to debt service reserve account - \$15,237,437.50 Costs of issuance - \$703,394.00 Underwriters' discount - \$946,374.90 Total uses - \$232,315,544.05

KWA sold \$74,370,000 par value in water system supply bonds in June 2016.

Sources and uses of funds were as follows:

Sources of Funds

Par amount of bonds - \$74,370,000 Net original issue premium/discount - \$0.00 Total sources - \$74,370,000.00

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Use of Funds

Deposit to construction fund - \$61,999,332.18 Capitalized interest - \$4,878,159.88 Deposit to debt service reserve account - \$6,954,939.94 Costs of issuance - \$223,680.50 Purchaser's fee - \$313,887.50 Total uses - \$74,370,000.00

KWA sold \$65,735,000 par value in water system supply bonds in March 2018.

Sources and uses of funds were as follows:

Sources of Funds

Par amount of bonds - \$65,735,000 Net original issue premium - \$6,983,918.70 Reserve Fund Release - \$5,224,828.81 Total sources - \$77,943,747.51

Use of Funds

Refund 2016 Bonds - \$74,370,000 Deposit to construction fund - \$3,006,773.11 Costs of issuance - \$232,383.25 Underwriters' discount - \$334,591.15 Total uses - \$77,943,747.51

Financial Review

A discussion of the significant financial activity during the current year is as follows:

Statement of Net Position

- Operating cash and cash equivalents increased from \$5,877,667 to \$7,766,606 primarily due to the increase in total operating revenues in the current year.
- Capital assets decreased \$5,249,067. 2018 marked the first-year depreciation was taken on system assets which is reflected in the decreased capital assets figure.
- Both current liabilities and liabilities payable from restricted assets decreased substantially due to the 2016 bonds being refunded in full during 2018. And conversely, long-term debt increased by over \$65 million due to this same short-term for long-term debt conversion.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

• The overall result of operations, debt sales, and debt service was an increase in total net position from approximately \$21,500,000 in 2017 to \$24,800,000 at the end of 2018.

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

- 2018 was also the first year with a full 12 months of operating revenue. Raw water sales to
 the County Agency amounted to \$3,484,113. Due to lower operating costs in 2018 and similar
 projections for 2019, the raw water rate charged by KWA to the County Agency was lowered
 from \$6.00/MCF (Thousand Cubic Feet) to \$4.50/MCF beginning October 1, 2018. As a result,
 raw water sales are budgeted at approximately \$2,524,000 for fiscal 2019.
- Excluding depreciation, 2018 operating expenses decreased slightly to \$1,543,917. Operating expenses are budgeted at approximately \$1,925,000 for fiscal year 2019.
- KWA continues to invoice the County Agency and Flint for full yearly debt service, which
 amounted to \$22,027,212 of nonoperating capacity/debt service fee revenue. This figure will
 be approximately \$22,177,000 for fiscal 2019 and will match the KWA debt service expense.
- Bond issuance costs increased \$566,974 due to new debt being issued during the year.

Contacting Management

This financial report is intended to provide our constituents, future water users, and bondholders with a general overview of Karegnondi Water Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If there are questions about this report or if additional information is needed, we welcome anyone to contact the CEO.

Statement of Net Position

	Se	ptember 30, 2	018 and 2017
		2018	2017
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2)	\$	7,766,606 \$	5,877,667
Receivables: Accrued interest receivable		20 677	
Other construction receivables (refunds)		29,677 -	- 81,409
Due from other governmental units		310,198	238,708
·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total current assets		8,106,481	6,197,784
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets (Note 3)		36,284,709	39,968,773
Capital assets: (Note 4) Assets not subject to depreciation (Note 4)		_	331,427,489
Assets subject to depreciation - Net (Note 4)		326,178,422	-
Total noncurrent assets		362,463,131	371,396,262
Total assets		370,569,612	377,594,046
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable - Operations Accounts payable - Construction Current portion of long-term debt		129,327 - -	119,751 1,537,842 67,285,478
Total current liabilities		129,327	68,943,071
Noncurrent liabilities: Payable from restricted assets (Note 1) Lease interest payable Long-term debt (Note 5)		13,783,666 5,258,648 326,555,780	21,105,256 5,258,648 260,770,138
Total noncurrent liabilities		345,598,094	287,134,042
Total liabilities		345,727,421	356,077,113
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Unrestricted		13,970,685 8,182,677 2,688,829	14,802,771 7,514,028 (799,866)
Total net position	\$	24,842,191 \$	21,516,933

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Operating Revenue - Charges for sales and services - Sale of water	\$ 3,484,113	\$ 441,074
Operating Expenses Insurance expense Repairs and maintenance Utilities Contractual and professional services Other expenses Depreciation	84,204 85,721 869,156 475,064 29,772 5,528,448	69,222 17,002 289,743 1,216,017 4,854
Total operating expenses	 7,072,365	 1,596,838
Operating Loss	(3,588,252)	(1,155,764)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense) Investment income Capacity/Debt service fee Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs	570,260 22,027,212 (15,116,988) (566,974)	52,116 17,760,242 - -
Total nonoperating revenue	6,913,510	17,812,358
Change in Net Position	3,325,258	16,656,594
Net Position - Beginning of year	 21,516,933	4,860,339
Net Position - End of year	\$ 24,842,191	\$ 21,516,933

Statement of Cash Flows

Years Ended September 30, 2018 and 2017

	2018	2017
Cash Flows from Operating Activities Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 3,412,623 \$ (1,534,341)	202,366 (1,495,662)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities	1,878,282	(1,293,296)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Bond proceeds received Bonds refunded Capacity/debt service fee Purchase of capital assets Principal and interest paid on capital debt Bond issuance costs	72,718,919 (74,370,000) 22,027,212 (3,467,668) (20,555,479) (566,974)	- 17,760,242 (9,353,924) (14,422,572) -
Net cash and cash equivalents used in capital and related financing activities	(4,213,990)	(6,016,254)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Investment income Purchases of investment securities	540,583 3,225,547	566,624 (3,964,103)
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities	 3,766,130	(3,397,479)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,430,422	(10,707,029)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year	8,262,701	18,969,730
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$ 9,693,123 \$	8,262,701
Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash Less amounts classified as investments	\$ 7,766,606 \$ 36,284,709 (34,358,192)	5,877,667 39,968,773 (37,583,739)
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,693,123 \$	8,262,701
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating Activities Operating loss Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	\$ (3,588,252) \$	(1,155,764)
Depreciation and amortization Changes in assets and liabilities: Due from other governmental units Accounts payable	5,528,448 (71,490) 9,576	- (238,708) 101,176
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 1,878,282 \$	(1,293,296)

Noncash Investing, Capital, and Financing Activities - During the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, there were no significant noncash activities.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting Entity

Karegnondi Water Authority (the "Authority" or KWA) is governed by an appointed 15-member board and was created pursuant to Act 233, Michigan Public Acts of 1955. Its purpose is to acquire and operate a water pipeline that provides water to its customers. The Genesee County Drain Commissioner has financial accountability for KWA. This is subject to change based upon redistribution of capacity units. KWA began full operations in November 2017.

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The Authority follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the Authority:

Fund Accounting

The Authority accounts for its various activities in an enterprise fund in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources.

Proprietary Fund

The proprietary fund includes an enterprise fund, which provides goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees. The Authority only has one fund, the Water Fund, which provides water to customers through a pipeline constructed from Lake Huron. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, maintenance, billing, and collection.

Basis of Accounting

Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Report Presentation

This report includes the fund-based statements of the Authority. In accordance with government accounting principles, a government-wide presentation with program and general revenue is not applicable to special purpose governments engaged only in business-type activities.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Investments

Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in the fund financial statements.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Restricted Assets

The Authority's bond indenture requires amounts to be set aside in a construction account and in debt service reserve accounts. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets, as well as amounts on deposit at the county being held for the construction or debt service of Karegnondi Water Authority water lines.

Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets

The current accrued interest due and principal due on the capital lease, the 2014A Water Supply System Bonds, and the 2018 Water Supply System Bonds will be paid from these restricted assets and, therefore, has been reported as a noncurrent liability to the extent of restricted assets available. The construction accounts payable will be liquidated from unspent bond proceeds and have also been reported in this category to the extent of restricted assets available. At September 30, 2018 and 2017, the liabilities payable from restricted assets is composed of \$6,290,000 and \$12,747,100 of principal, \$6,759,076 and \$5,891,712 of interest, and \$734,590 and \$2,466,444 of construction accounts payable, respectively.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The water transmission line costs from Lake Huron are being reported as a capital asset, as the asset was fully placed in service during fiscal year 2018, and are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Interest expense (net of interest income) of \$0 and \$14,903,686 was capitalized as part of the cost of assets under construction for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Long-term Obligations

Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Authority will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Authority's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Proprietary Funds Operating Classification

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water Fund is charges to customers for sales or services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund include the cost of sales or services and administrative expenses. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including January 30, 2019, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments are reported in the financial statements of September 30, 2018 and 2017 as follows:

	_	2018	2017
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	7,766,606 36,284,709	\$ 5,877,667 39,968,773
Total	\$	44,051,315	\$ 45,846,440

These amounts are classified into the following deposits and investment categories:

		Primary G	iove	rnment
	_	2018		2017
Cash deposits with financial institutions County deposits Investments - Certificates of deposit (with maturities	\$	9,493,123 200,000	\$	8,262,702 -
in excess of 90 days) Investments - Money markets		14,439,789 19,918,403		11,406,457 26,177,281
Total	<u>\$</u>	44,051,315	\$	45,846,440

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The Authority has designated two banks for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the board in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in bonds and securities of the United States government and bank accounts and CDs, but not the remainder of state statutory authority, as listed above. The Authority's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The Authority's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. For the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017, the Authority had \$10,510,234 and \$7,234,078, respectively, (checking and savings accounts) that were not fully insured or collateralized. The Authority also has \$34,108,192 and \$37,319,517 of deposits at September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively, that are uninsured, but collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, but not in the Authority's name.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The Authority's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

Fair Value Measurements

The Authority categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. As of September 30, 2018 and 2017, all cash and investments owned by the Authority are properly valued at cost; therefore, there is no fair value hierarchy applicable.

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

At September 30, 2018 and 2017, restricted assets are restricted for the following purposes:

	 2018	_	2017
Unspent bond proceeds and related interest County construction deposits	\$ 1,726,517 200,000	\$	1,856,411 528,624
General obligation bond restrictions: Debt reserve Capacity/Debt service fee for debt service	 19,918,403 14,439,789		26,177,281 11,406,457
Total restricted assets	\$ 36,284,709	\$	39,968,773

The general obligation bond debt reserve is restricted for debt service per the bond agreement. The capacity/debt service fee is restricted per the bond agreement for current principal and interest payments on general obligation bonds and the capital lease.

Net position has been restricted at September 30, 2018 and 2017 for \$8,182,677 and \$7,514,028, respectively, related to the restricted assets held for debt service net of the related payable.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the Authority's business-type activities for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was as follows:

Business-type Activities

	0	Balance ctober 1, 2	_	R	eclassifications		Additions	_	Disposals	3	s	Balance eptember 30, 2018
Capital assets not being depreciated - Construction in progress of water pipeline Capital assets being depreciated -	\$	331,427	,489	\$	(331,706,870)	\$	279,381	\$		_	\$	-
Water pipeline			-		-		331,706,870			-		331,706,870
Accumulated depreciation	_		-		-	_	5,528,448			-		5,528,448
Net business-type activity capital assets	\$	331,427	,489	\$	(331,706,870)	\$	326,457,803	\$		-	\$	326,178,422
			Oct		alance per 1, 2016	Ad		•	osals and istments	Se	epte	lance mber 30, 017
Capital assets not beir depreciated - Constr progress of water pip	ucti		\$	31	0,377,287 \$	2	1,050,202 \$		-	\$	331	,427,489

Construction Commitments

The Authority has an active construction project at year end. The project is to complete the water pipeline. At year end, the Authority's commitment with contractors is as follows:

	_	Spent to Date		aining nitment
Water pipeline	\$	259,383,585	\$ 1,	922,401

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 5 - Long-term Debt

The Authority issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Authority.

Business-type Activities

	2018									
		Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	E	nding Balance	_	Due within One Year
Business-type activities: Bonds Plus - Deferred amounts -	\$	294,870,000	\$	65,735,000	\$	(78,475,000)	\$	282,130,000	\$	5,390,000
Issuance premiums		10,240,138		6,983,919		(643,277)		16,580,780		
Total bonds payable		305,110,138		72,718,919		(79,118,277)		298,710,780		5,390,000
Capital lease (Note 6)		35,000,000		-		(865,000)		34,135,000		900,000
Total business-type activities long-term debt	\$	340,110,138	\$	72,718,919	\$	(79,983,277)	\$	332,845,780	\$	6,290,000
	_					2017				
	_	Beginning Balance	_	Additions	_	Reductions	<u>E</u>	nding Balance	_	Due within One Year
Business-type activities:	\$	294,870,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	294,870,000	\$	78,475,000
Plus - Deferred amounts - Issuance premiums		10,633,990		-		(393,852)		10,240,138		-
Total bonds payable		305,503,990		-		(393,852)		305,110,138		78,475,000
Capital lease		35,000,000		-		-		35,000,000		865,000
Total business-type activities long-term debt	\$	340,503,990	\$		\$	(393,852)	\$	340,110,138	\$	79,340,000

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The Authority issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Authority.

Business-type Activities

2014A Water Supply System Bond, used to construct water pipeline, bearing interest from 3 percent to 5.25 percent, maturing in 2043

2018 Water Supply System Bond, used to construct water pipeline, bearing interest from 3 percent to 5 percent, maturing 2045

Total

\$ 216,395,000

\$ 65,735,000

Total interest expense for the years ended September 30, 2018 and 2017 was \$15,759,515 and \$15,418,194, respectively, of which \$14,903,686 (interest expense net of interest income) was capitalized.

Debt due within one year of \$6,290,000 is included in payable from restricted assets on the statement of net position.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 5 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

		Business-type Activities									
Years Ending September 30		Principal		Interest	_	Total					
2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024-2028 2029-2031 2032-2036 2037-2041 2042-2046	\$	5,390,000 5,670,000 5,895,000 6,175,000 6,445,000 37,375,000 47,980,000 61,525,000 79,155,000 26,520,000	\$	14,287,367 13,864,762 13,611,612 13,339,862 13,044,363 59,918,469 49,009,863 35,143,381 17,058,693 1,283,000	\$	19,677,367 19,534,762 19,506,612 19,514,862 19,489,363 97,293,469 96,989,863 96,668,381 96,213,693 27,803,000					
2042-2040	_	20,320,000	_	1,203,000		21,003,000					
Total	\$	282,130,000	\$	230,561,372	\$	512,691,372					

Note 6 - Leases

Capital Leases

The Authority has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the purchase of the intake pump station. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value are as follows:

Years Ending September 30	Amount	
2019 2020 2021	\$	2,509,588 2,507,888 2,504,813
2022		2,499,937
2023		2,502,562
2024-2028		12,479,075
2029-2033		12,429,956
2034-2038		12,361,306
2039-2042		10,048,148
Total minimum lease payments		59,843,273
Less amount representing interest	_	(25,708,273)
Present value	\$	34,135,000

Interest has been accruing on the capital lease since inception. As of September 30, 2018, \$678,161 is current accrued interest payable and \$5,258,648 is long-term accrued interest payable. The current interest payable is included in noncurrent liabilities - payable from restricted assets.

September 30, 2018 and 2017

Note 7 - Capacity/Debt Service Fee

KWA entered into two separate water purchase contracts to supply untreated water, each with an effective date of October 1, 2013. A contract with the Genesee County Drain Commissioner provides the right to the delivery and use of up to 42 million gallons per day of untreated water. In July 2017, the Authority began providing untreated water to the Genesee County Drain Commissioner for testing purposes. A contract with the City of Flint, Michigan provides the right to the delivery and use of up to 18 million gallons per day of untreated water.

Under a long-term water supply contract entered into by the City of Flint, Michigan (Flint) and the Great Lakes Water Authority (GLWA) as of December 1, 2017 (the "GLWA Water Service Contract"), GLWA will supply Flint with treated water as its primary water source for an initial period of 30 years. Pursuant to the terms of the GLWA Water Service Contract, Flint has granted to GLWA certain rights of Flint under the Flint Water Purchase Contract to untreated water from the Authority's System. A KWA Financing Contract is included in the KWA Water Purchase Contracts and sets forth the manner in which the capital costs of the Authority facilities will be allocated. Under the KWA Financing Contract, the City of Flint, Michigan and the Genesee County Drain Commissioner are responsible for paying approximately 34 percent and 66 percent, respectively, of the debt service on the KWA System Bonds. (This allocation takes into account and credits the Genesee County Drain Commissioner for financing and being responsible for the payment of 100 percent of the costs of the Intake portion of the project.) These debt service payments by the City of Flint, Michigan and the Genesee County Drain Commissioner constitute the capacity/debt service fee collected in the amount of \$22,027,212 and \$17,760,242 as of September 30, 2018 and 2017, respectively.

Note 8 - Related Party Transactions

The 2014A and 2018 Water Supply System Bonds of Karegnondi Water Authority are guaranteed through 2046 by Genesee County and the City of Flint, Michigan in the amounts of approximately 66 percent and 34 percent, respectively, in accordance with the Karegnondi Water Authority Financing Contract. The Genesee County Division of Water and Waste Services provides management of the day-to-day operations of Karegnondi Water Authority, for which it allocates a portion of the costs to the Authority. Water and Waste Services has also issued \$35 million of bonds that it used to construct the water intake and related pumps for KWA. Once the bonds are redeemed, the title to the water intake and related pumps will be transferred to KWA.



Suite 360 4444 W. Bristol Road Flint, MI 48507 Tel: 810.767.5350 Fax: 810.767.8150 plantemoran.com

January 30, 2019

To the Board of Directors Karegnondi Water Authority

We have audited the financial statements of Karegnondi Water Authority (the "Authority" or KWA) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2018 and have issued our report thereon dated January 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with the following information related to our audit.

Our Responsibility Under U.S. Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated August 28, 2018, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express an opinion about whether the financial statements prepared by management with your oversight are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities. Our responsibility is to plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement

As part of our audit, we considered the internal control of KWA. Such considerations were solely for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgment, relevant to your responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. However, we are not required to design procedures specifically to identify such matters.

Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matters on November 29, 2018.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Karegnondi Water Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements.

No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2018.



We noted no transactions entered into by the Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus.

We noted no significant transactions that have been recognized in the financial statements in a different period than when the transaction occurred.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected.

There were no significant balances, amounts, or disclosures in the financial statements based on sensitive management estimates.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Disagreements with Management

For the purpose of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report.

We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.

We did not detect any misstatements as a result of audit procedures.

Significant Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Authority, and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement, with management each year prior to our retention as the Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship, and our responses were not a condition of our retention.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated January 30, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

This information is intended solely for the use of the board of directors and management of Karegnondi Water Authority and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Will Bil

Plante & Moran, PLLC

William Brickey, CPA

Partner